

The Electronic Journal for English as a Second Language

June 2005 – Volume 9, Number 1

## From the editors

## Greetings,

And so we begin our ninth volume. You'll notice right away that things have changed. First, we've redesigned the look and layout. Our archives were getting too big to list on the home page, so you'll now find them on a separate page, with only our current issue appearing on the home page. Second, you'll also find that we are now offering our articles in PDF format. The PDF version is now the "definitive" version, that is, it is the version that should be cited. Only the PDF version will carry page numbers; the HTML version no longer includes them. Third, we now appear on an additional site, http://www.tesl-ej.org. We will continue to maintain our Berkeley and Kyoto sites for the time-being.

As for the ninth volume, it is one that should provide a lot of reading material and "food for thought." Issues concerning the teaching of culture and beliefs about language learning are found in all three of our lead articles: Beliefs about Language Learning: Current Knowledge, Pedagogical Implications, and New Research Directions, by Eva Bernat and Inna Gvozdenko, Language, Education, and Success: A View of Emerging Beliefs and Strategies in the Southeastern United States, by Miguel Mantero, and Teaching Culture in Adult ESL: Pedagogical and Ethical Considerations, David Johnson.

We also have a new call for papers for a special issue to be published in September 2006 (see below).

We hope you enjoy our new look, and of course, the rich content of TESL-EJ.

Maggie Sokolik, Editor editor@tesl-ej.org

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## **TESL-EJ Special Issue Language Education Research in International Contexts**

Date of publication: September, 2006 Proposals due: October 15, 2005

**Guest Editors: Greta Gorsuch and Bill Snyder** 

Language education remains an active area of research and inquiry on a global scale. Many language educators in international contexts undertake advanced study in their own countries and abroad. Many seek to establish and expand research done in their own contexts, and are sensitive to the many issues faced by learners, communities, and national education systems concerning language learning and education. Such research is relevant to areas of inquiry generated and reported in "inner circle" countries such as the United States, Australia, and the United Kingdom, where the international language of research reporting, English, is most thoroughly used. Yet research conducted in international contexts, such as Pakistan, Turkey, Iran, Vietnam, and Colombia (what have been termed "outer circle" and "expanding circle" countries) is often not widely disseminated. The struggle of researchers in outer and expanding circle countries to get published in English-language language education journals is widely reported; however, other, probably more fundamental and less reported causes have not been systematically treated in international forums. Impediments to research may include the kinds of literature to which researchers have or do not have access, the degree to which quantitative and qualitative research methods are valued, the ways in which research methodology and reporting are taught, whether or not researchers have adequate mentoring or networking opportunities during data collection and analysis, the degree to which research is rewarded by researchers' institutions or educational cultures, and other constraints posed by heavy teaching schedules, or limited access to assistance or other physical resources such as computers or dependable electrical service. Choices of research topics and methodology may also reflect different value systems or priorities that may not be well known outside the researchers' contexts.

We therefore solicit original data-driven research in language education from researchers in outer and expanding circle countries with a focus on how conducting research in these contexts influences the kinds of research questions that are posed, how these questions are investigated, and how the results and interpretations are reported, or in some cases, not reported. We also invite research on how new scholars are introduced to research and apprenticed into the research community in language education. Research topics may include language acquisition in formal and informal settings, effects of innovative teaching methodologies on language learning, language testing, technology in language learning, task-based learning, minority language revival, influences on instructional change, processes and politics of developing locally appropriate textbooks and educational materials, language teacher problem solving, and program evaluation. Proposals are welcomed from both native and non-native users of English in outer and expanding circle countries. Submissions by researchers currently engaged in language teaching and teacher education at established institutions are strongly encouraged.

Proposals in the form of a 300-500 word abstract are due no later than October 15, 2005. Successful proposals will describe original data driven research, either quantitative or qualitative, with a rationale for the research and with specific research questions posed and a clearly described design for data collection and analysis. Authors must address how they plan to describe influences of their contexts and circumstances on their proposed research.

Proposals should be sent no later than October 15, 2005 to both:

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TESL-EJ 9.1 June 2005 From the Editors 3